Route of rearing Lac in E-san : A Case Study Ban Huae Loua

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Abstract

This report studies the cultural well-being of the people of East simplicity of forest resources to the four factors used to living with their diverse communities. Local knowledge is developed survival. Lac more involvement with local communities in e-san, tools, household appliances. But a very small part of fabric to create woven cloth. The natural red dye from the beautiful Lac aimed at studying ways of farming communities in the Northeast. The qualitative research and educational workshops extent Ban Hue-Lao Na Chueak, Maha Sarakham. Research conducted Studies of weaving groups and individuals were used in this study used surveys, observation, interview sessions and workshops. A descriptive analysis

The results showed that farming communities was just a little, but a group used as raw material in textile dyeing. To add value to products, textiles group to study and practice to allow specialists to dyeing with shellac. For good health And reduce the amount of chemicals from the dye synthesis and utilization of forest communities.

Keywords: Shellac way of raising e-san community.